

Code: EC3T1

**II B.Tech - I Semester–Regular/Supplementary Examinations  
November 2016**

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III  
(ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)**

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**PART – A**

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks

11x 2 = 22 M

1.

a) Write the condition for the convergence of the Newton –

Raphson's formula 
$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)}{f'(x_i)}$$

b) Establish a relationship between the forward difference operator  $\Delta$  and the shift operator E.

c) Using Euler's method find  $y(0.1)$ , given that

$$y' = (x^3 + xy^2)e^{-x}, y(0) = 1$$

d) Given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y, y(1) = 1$ , find a first approximation formula by Picard's method to find  $y$  at given  $x$ .

e) Separate the real and imaginary parts of  $f(z) = \sin z$ .

f) Show that the imaginary part of  $f(z) = e^z$  is a harmonic function.

g) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^{1+i} (x^2 - iy) dz$  along the line  $y = x$ .

h) Expand  $f(z) = \frac{z-1}{z^2}$  in Taylor series about the point  $z = 1$ .

i) Find the residues at the poles of  $f(z) = \cot z$  in  $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$ .

j) Write the statement of Cauchy's Residue theorem.

k) Define conformal mapping and state the sufficient condition for the function  $w = f(z)$  to represent conformal mapping.

## PART – B

Answer any **THREE** questions. All questions carry equal marks.

3 x 16 = 48 M

2.

a) Find a real root of the equation  $2x - \log_{10} x = 7$  by the Method of false position. 8 M

b) A curve passes through the points  $(0, 18)$ ,  $(1, 10)$ ,  $(3, -18)$  and  $(6, 90)$ . Find the slope of the curve at  $x = 2$ . 8 M

3.

a) Tabulate  $y(0.1), y(0.2)$  using Taylor series method given that  $y' = y^2 + x$  and  $y(0) = 1$  8 M

b) Using Milnes Predictor – corrector method find the solution of the equation  $y' = x - y^2$  at  $x = 0.8$ , given that  $y(0) = 0, y(0.2) = 0.02, y(0.4) = 0.0795, y(0.6) = 0.1762$  8 M

4.

a) Prove that the function  $f(z) = \frac{x^3(1+i) - y^3(1-i)}{x^2 + y^2}, z \neq 0$   
 $= 0, z = 0$

satisfies Cauchy – Riemann equations at origin , yet  $f'(0)$  does not exist. 8 M

b) Find an analytic function whose real part is  $e^{-x}(x \sin y - y \cos y)$  8 M

5.

a) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{e^z}{(z^2 + \pi^2)^2} dz$  where C is  $|z| = 4$ . 8 M

b) Obtain all possible Laurent series of the function  $\frac{7z - 2}{(z + 1)z(z - 2)}$  about  $z_0 = -1$  8 M

6.

a) Show that  $\int_0^\pi \frac{d\theta}{a^2 + \sin^2 \theta} = \frac{\pi}{a\sqrt{1+a^2}}$  for  $a > 0$  using Residue theorem. 8 M

b) Show that the transformation  $w = \frac{1}{z}$  maps a circle to a circle or to a straight line if the former passes through origin. 8 M